



COMPANION LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

P.O. Box 100102, Columbia, SC 29202-3102

**Voluntary Dental Plans
MULTIPLE CASE GROUP COMMISSION AGREEMENT**

Agents/Brokers

Companion Life Insurance Company agrees to pay the Agent, indicated below, commissions according to the following scale on premium payments to and accepted by Companion Life Insurance Company subject to the further provisions hereof. Should a group program be sold by the Agent with a commission scale differing from the following schedule, a single-case agreement referencing such arrangement shall be prepared for acceptance by the Agent and Companion.

<u>Commission Scale:</u>	<u>First Year</u>	<u>Renewal Years</u>
Voluntary Dental Plans	10% Flat	10% Flat

Such commissions shall be payable as long as Companion retains the coverages (such retention being optional with Companion), but such payment shall be subject to and contingent upon (a) continuance of the Agent as the Agent of Record (as accepted by Companion); (b) continued reasonable servicing of the policyholders and cooperation with Companion by the Agent; (c) applicable laws or rulings of Insurance Departments; (d) compliance by the Agent with the reasonable rules and regulations of Companion; and (e) commission schedules remaining in effect with Companion Life Insurance Company.

It is understood and agreed by the Agent that the Company reserves the right to increase the premium rates, or revise the benefits under the policies, or terminate the policies entirely in accordance with their terms.

If, because of cancellation of the policy, or for any other reason, any premium or premiums paid upon the policy are returned, the Agent, upon demand, shall repay the amount of commission received by him on premiums so returned.

It is the agent's responsibility to review each commission statement for accuracy. In no event will Companion Life pay commissions retroactively more than six months. Agent of record changes will not be effective until acknowledged and approved in writing by Companion Life.

Executed this _____ day of _____, 20_____.

ACCEPTED FOR AGENT/BROKER

ACCEPTED FOR COMPANION LIFE

By: _____
(Signature of Agent/Broker)

By: _____
(Signature of Authorized Representative)

Name: _____
(Type or Print Name of Agent/Broker)

Name: _____
(Type or Print Name and Title)

APPOINTMENT INFORMATION

INSTRUCTIONS TO BECOME APPOINTED & CONTRACTED WITH COMPANION LIFE:

1. Please complete both sides of this form.
2. Attach a photocopy of your current Producer license.
3. If Commissions are being paid to the agency, please attach a photocopy of Agency License.
4. All information **must** be filled in and this form signed and dated before it can be processed.
5. **Please submit these documents with your first Group Case. Thank you.**

NAME _____ NICKNAME _____

BUSINESS NAME _____

BUSINESS OVERNIGHT
MAILING ADDRESS _____
(STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP)

E-MAIL ADDRESS _____

BUSINESS PHONE () _____ FAX NUMBER () _____

HOME ADDRESS _____
(STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP)

COUNTY _____

SEND CORRESPONDENCE TO: _____ BUSINESS OR _____ HOME

HOME PHONE () _____

SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER _____ DATE OF BIRTH _____

IF COMMISSIONS ARE TO BE PAID TO YOUR AGENCY GIVE NAME AND TAX ID _____

- | Yes | No | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Have you ever been convicted of any felony involving dishonesty or breach of trust? |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Have you ever been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude since becoming licensed? |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | With the exception of credit life and disability insurance agents, are you employed by or associated with any degree, directly or indirectly, a financial institution as defined in section 626.988, F.S.? |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Have you ever been convicted of any crime under the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (18 United States Code, §§1033 and 1034)? |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Do you have an outstanding debt with any insurance company? |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Have you ever been bankrupt or insolvent, either personally or professionally? |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Has an insurance company ever canceled a contract with you? |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Have you ever had a complaint filed against you by a state or provincial insurance department? |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Have you ever had an insurance license denied or revoked by a state or province? |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Have you ever been refused a surety or fidelity bond? |

If the answer to any of these questions is "yes," please provide details on a separate sheet of paper.

All appointed agents must comply with all insurance laws, regulations and insurance department bulletins in the jurisdictions in which he is appointed. The applicant may not use, distribute, or publish any advertisement (as defined by the laws of the jurisdiction for which the applicant is appointed), solicitation material, or proposal which has not been filed with and approved in writing by Companion Life Insurance Company. The applicant shall not use Companion service or trade marks without prior written approval from Companion Life Insurance Company. The applicant agrees to assist and cooperate with Companion Life Insurance Company regarding any and all insurance department inquiries, complaints, or investigations.

I certify that all statements are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

I understand that in compliance with Public law 91-508 (Fair Credit Reporting Act), an investigative consumer report may be prepared from information obtained from person with whom I am acquainted. Inquiry may include information as to my character, general reputation, personal characteristics and mode of living.

I understand that I have the right to make a written request, within a reasonable period of time, to receive information about the nature and scope of this investigation.

DATE

SIGNATURE

(Rev. 4/08)

AGREEMENT WITH BUSINESS ASSOCIATE

This Agreement (“BAA”) is effective upon execution, and is made by and between **the undersigned Agent/Agency** (“Business Associate”) and Companion Life Insurance Company (“Company”).

Company and Business Associate mutually agree to comply with the requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (“HIPAA”) and its implementing regulations (45 C.F.R. Parts 160-64) and the requirements of the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act, as incorporated in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (the “HITECH Act”), that are applicable to business associates, along with any guidance and/or regulations issued by DHHS. Company and Business Associate agree to incorporate into this Agreement any regulations issued with respect to the HITECH Act that relate to the obligations of business associates. Business Associate recognizes and agrees that it is obligated by law to meet the applicable provisions of the HITECH Act.

A. Privacy & Security of Protected Health Information and Electronic Protected Health Information.

1. **Permitted Uses and Disclosures.** Business Associate is permitted or required to use or disclose Protected Health Information (“PHI”) and electronic PHI it creates or receives for or from Company or to request PHI and electronic PHI on Company’s behalf only as follows:
 - a) **Functions and Activities on Company’s Behalf.** To perform functions, activities, services, and operations on behalf of Company, consistent with HIPAA, the HITECH Act, and their implementing regulations as specified in the Producer Appointment Agreement.
 - b) **Business Associate’s Operations.** Business Associate may use the Minimum Necessary PHI and electronic PHI for Business Associate’s proper management and administration or to carry out Business Associate’s legal responsibilities. Business Associate may disclose the Minimum Necessary PHI and electronic PHI for Business Associate’s proper management and administration or to carry out Business Associate’s legal responsibilities only if:
 - (i) The disclosure is required by law; or
 - (ii) Business Associate obtains reasonable assurance, evidenced by written contract, from any person or organization to which Business Associate will disclose PHI or electronic PHI that the person or organization will:
 - a. Hold such PHI, electronic PHI in confidence and use or further disclose it only for the purpose for which Business Associate disclosed it to the person or organization or as Required by Law; and
 - b. Promptly notify Business Associate (who will in turn promptly notify Company) of any instance of which the person or organization becomes aware in which the confidentiality of such PHI or electronic PHI was breached.
2. **Minimum Necessary and Limited Data Set.** Business Associate’s use, disclosure or request of Protected Health Information shall utilize a Limited Data Set if practicable. Otherwise, Business Associate will, in its performance of the functions, activities, services, and operations specified in Section A.1(a) above, make reasonable efforts to use, to disclose, and to request of a Covered Entity only the minimum amount of Company’s Protected Health Information reasonably necessary to accomplish the intended purpose of the use, disclosure or request.
3. **Prohibition on Unauthorized Use or Disclosure.** Business Associate will neither use nor disclose PHI or electronic PHI except as permitted or required by this Agreement, as otherwise permitted in writing by Company, or as required by law. This Agreement does not authorize Business Associate to use or disclose PHI or electronic PHI in a manner that would violate the requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 and its implementing regulations (45 C.F.R. Parts 160-64) or the HITECH Act and its implementing regulations, if done by Company, except as set forth in Section A(1)(b).

4. **Information Safeguards.** Business Associate will develop, document, implement, maintain, and use appropriate administrative, technical, and physical safeguards, in compliance with Social Security Act § 1173(d) (42 U.S.C. § 1320d-2(d)), 45 C.F.R. Part 164, Subparts C & E, and any other implementing regulations issued by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (including, but not limited to, CMS Core Security Requirements, if applicable), and any other applicable laws. The safeguards will be designed to preserve the integrity, availability and confidentiality of electronic PHI, and to prevent intentional or unintentional non-permitted or violating use or disclosure of, PHI. Business Associate will additionally develop any safeguards to the extent required by the HITECH Act. Business Associate will document and keep these safeguards current. Business Associate agrees to mitigate any harmful effect that is known to the Business Associate resulting from a use or disclosure of PHI or electronic PHI by the Business Associate or its subcontractors in violation of the requirements of this Agreement.
5. **Subcontractors and Agents.** Business Associate will require any of its subcontractors and agents, to which Business Associate is permitted by this Agreement or in writing by Company to disclose PHI and electronic PHI, to provide reasonable assurance, evidenced by written contract, that such subcontractor or agent will comply with the same privacy and security obligations as Business Associate with respect to such PHI and, electronic PHI.

B. Compliance with Standard Transactions. If Business Associate conducts, in whole or part, Standard Transactions for or on behalf of Company, Business Associate will comply, and will require any subcontractor or agent involved with the conduct of such Standard Transactions to comply, with each applicable requirement of 45 C.F.R. Part 162. Business Associate will not enter into, or permit its subcontractors or agents to enter into, any Trading Partner Agreement in connection with the conduct of Standard Transactions for or on behalf of Company that:

1. Changes the definition, data condition, or use of a data element or segment in a Standard Transaction;
2. Adds any data element or segment to the maximum defined data set;
3. Uses any code or data element that is marked “not used” in the Standard Transaction’s implementation specification or is not in the Standard Transaction’s implementation specification; or
4. Changes the meaning or intent of the Standard Transaction’s implementation specification.

C. Individual Rights.

1. **Access.** Business Associate will, within five (5) business days after Company’s request, make available to Company or, at Company’s direction, to the individual (or the individual’s personal representative) for inspection and obtaining copies any PHI and electronic PHI about the individual that is in Business Associate’s custody or control, so that Company may meet its access obligations under 45 C.F.R. § 164.524 and, where applicable, the HITECH Act. Business Associate shall make such information available in an electronic format where directed by Company.
2. **Amendment.** Business Associate will, upon receipt of notice from Company, promptly amend or permit Company access to amend any portion of the PHI and electronic PHI, so that Company may meet its amendment obligations under 45 C.F.R. § 164.526.
3. **Disclosure Accounting.** So that Company may meet its disclosure accounting obligations under 45 C.F.R. § 164.528:
 - a) **Disclosure Tracking.** Business Associate will record information concerning each disclosure of PIII or electronic PHI, not excepted from disclosure tracking under Agreement Section C.3(b) below, that Business Associate makes to Company or a third party. The Disclosure Information Business Associate will record includes: (i) the disclosure date; (ii) the name and (if known) address of the person or entity to whom Business Associate made the disclosure; (iii) a brief description of the PHI or electronic PHI disclosed; and (iv) a brief statement of the purpose of the disclosure (items i-iv, collectively, the “disclosure information”). Business Associate further shall provide any additional information to the extent required by the HITECH Act and any accompanying regulations. For repetitive disclosures Business Associate makes to the same person or entity for a single purpose, Business Associate may provide (x) the disclosure information for the first of these repetitive disclosures; (y) the frequency, periodicity or number of these repetitive disclosures; and (z) the date of the last of these repetitive disclosures.

Business Associate will make this disclosure information available to Company within ten (10) business days after Company’s request.

- b) Exceptions from Disclosure Tracking. Business Associate need not record disclosure information or otherwise account for disclosures of PHI or electronic PHI that this Agreement or Company in writing permits or requires (i) for purposes of Treating the individual who is the subject of the PHI or electronic PHI disclosed, payment for that Treatment, or for the Health Care Operations of Company or Business Associate (except where such recording or accounting is required by the HITECH Act, and as of the effective dates for this provision of the HITECH Act); (ii) to the individual who is the subject of the PHI or electronic PHI disclosed or to that individual's personal representative; (iii) pursuant to a valid authorization by the person who is the subject of the PHI or electronic PHI disclosed; (iv) to persons involved in that individual's health care or Payment related to that individual's health care; (v) for notification for disaster relief purposes; (vi) for national security or intelligence purposes; (vii) as part of a Limited Data Set; or (viii) to law enforcement officials or correctional institutions regarding inmates or other persons in lawful custody.
 - c) Disclosure Tracking Time Periods. Unless otherwise provided under the HITECH Act, Business Associate must have available for Company the disclosure information required by Agreement Section C.3(a) for the six (6) years preceding Company's request for the disclosure information. In addition, where Business Associate is contacted directly by an individual based on information provided to the individual by Company, and where so required by the HITECH Act and/or any accompanying regulations, Business Associate shall make such Disclosure Information available directly to the individual.
4. **Restriction Requests; Confidential Communications.** Business Associate shall immediately notify Company's Privacy Officer of any individual request made pursuant to 45 C.F.R. § 164.522 that Company or Business Associate restrict the disclosure of protected health information of the individual. Business Associate will comply with any requests for restriction requests and confidential communications of which it is aware and to which Company agrees pursuant to 45 C.F.R. § 164.522 (a) and (b).
5. **Inspection of Books and Records.** Business Associate will make its internal practices, books, and records, relating to its use and disclosure of PHI or electronic PHI, available to Company and to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services to determine compliance with 45 C.F.R. Parts 160-64 or this Agreement.

D. Breach of Privacy & Security Obligations.

1. **Breach.** Business Associate will report to Company any use or disclosure of PHI or electronic PHI not permitted by this Agreement or by Company in writing. Business Associate will make the report to Company's Privacy Officer within three (3) business days after Business Associate knew or by the exercise of reasonable diligence should have known of such non-permitted use or disclosure. In addition, Business Associate will report, following discovery and without unreasonable delay, but in no event later than three (3) business days following discovery, any "Breach" of "Unsecured Protected Health Information" as these terms are defined by the HITECH Act and any implementing regulations, even if Business Associate deems the unauthorized acquisition, access or use to be in good faith, unintentional or inadvertent and even if Business Associate deems the risk of harm posed to the individuals involved to be insignificant. Business Associate shall cooperate with Company in investigating the Breach and in meeting the Company's obligations under the HITECH Act and any other security breach notification laws.

Any such report shall include the identification (if known) of each individual whose Unsecured Protected Health Information has been, or is reasonably believed by Business Associate to have been, accessed, acquired, or disclosed during such Breach. Business Associate's report will, at a minimum:

- a) Identify the nature of the non-permitted access, use or disclosure, including the date of the Breach and the date of discovery of the Breach;
- b) Identify the PHI or electronic PHI accessed, used or disclosed as part of the Breach (e.g. full name, social security number, date of birth, etc.);
- c) Identify who made the non-permitted or violating access, use or disclosure and who received the non-permitted disclosure;
- d) Identify what corrective action Business Associate took or will take to prevent further non-permitted access, uses or disclosures;
- e) Identify what Business Associate did or will do to mitigate any deleterious effect of the non-permitted access, use or disclosure; and
- f) Provide such other information, including a written report, as Company may reasonably request.

2. **Security Incident.** Business Associate will additionally report to Company as requested by the Company any attempted or successful (a) unauthorized access, use, disclosure, modification, or destruction of Company's electronic PHI of which Business Associate becomes aware, or (b) interference with system operations in Business Associate's Information System containing Company's electronic PHI ("Security Incident") of which Business Associate becomes aware. If the Security Incident resulted in an unauthorized access, use, or disclosure, then a written report shall be provided according to the timeline and content requirements in Section D.1 above.
3. **Mitigation.** Business Associate agrees to mitigate, to the extent practicable, any harmful effect resulting from any Breach or attempted or successful Security Incident. In addition, Business Associate shall cooperate with and implement any reasonable mitigation requests by Company relating to any Breach or attempted or successful Security Incident. Any mitigation performed pursuant to this Section shall be done at Business Associate's expense.

E. General Provisions.

1. Termination of Agreement.

a) Right to Terminate for Breach.

- (i) Company may terminate Agreement if it determines, in its sole discretion, that Business Associate has breached any provision of this Agreement. Company may exercise this right to terminate Agreement by providing Business Associate written notice of termination, stating the breach of the Agreement that provides the basis for the termination. Any such termination will be effective immediately or at such other date specified in Company's notice of termination. If for any reason Company determines that Business Associate has breached the terms of this Agreement and such breach has not been cured, but Company determines that termination of the Agreement is not feasible, Company may report such breach to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.
- (ii) Business Associate may terminate Agreement if it determines, after reasonable consulting with Company, that Company has breached any material provision of this Agreement and upon written notice to Company of the breach, Company fails to cure the breach within thirty (30) days after receipt of the notice. Business Associate may exercise this right to terminate Agreement by providing Company written notice of termination, stating the failure to cure the breach of this Agreement that provides the basis for the termination. Any such termination will be effective upon such reasonable date as the parties mutually agree. If Business Associate reasonably determined that Company has breached a material provision of this Agreement and such breach has not been cured, but Business Associate and Company mutually determine that termination of the Agreement is not feasible, Business Associate may report such breach to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

b) Obligations upon Termination.

- (i) Return or Destruction. Upon termination, cancellation, expiration or other conclusion of Agreement, Business Associate will, if feasible, return to Company or destroy all PHI and electronic PHI in whatever form or medium (including any electronic medium) and all copies of any data or compilations derived from and allowing identification of any individual who is a subject of PHI and electronic PHI. Company will determine, in its sole discretion, whether Business Associate will destroy or return such PHI and electronic PHI. Business Associate will complete such return or destruction as promptly as possible, but not later than ten (10) business days after the effective date of the termination, cancellation, expiration or other conclusion of Agreement. All costs related to the Business Associate's return or destruction of PHI and electronic PHI will be paid by the Business Associate. Business Associate will identify any PHI and electronic PHI that cannot feasibly be returned to Company or destroyed. Business Associate will limit its further use or disclosure of that PHI and electronic PHI to those purposes that make return or destruction of that PHI and electronic PHI infeasible. Within ten (10) business days after the effective date of the termination, cancellation, expiration or other conclusion of Agreement, Business Associate will (a) certify on oath in writing to Company that such return or destruction has been completed, (b) deliver to Company the identification of any PHI and electronic PHI for which return or destruction is infeasible, and (c) certify that it will only use or disclose such PHI and electronic PHI for those purposes that make return or destruction infeasible.
- (ii) Continuing Privacy Obligation. Business Associate's obligation to protect the privacy of the PHI and electronic PHI it created or received for or from Company will be continuous and survive termination, cancellation, expiration or other conclusion of Agreement.

- c) Other Obligations and Rights. Business Associate's other obligations and rights and Company's obligations and rights upon termination, cancellation, expiration or other conclusion of Agreement will be those set out in the Agreement.
2. **Indemnity**. Business Associate will indemnify and hold harmless Company and any Company affiliate, officer, director, employee or agent from and against any claim, cause of action, liability, damage, cost or expense, including attorneys' fees and court or proceeding costs, arising out of or in connection with any non-permitted or violating use or disclosure of PHI and electronic PHI or other breach of this Agreement by Business Associate or any subcontractor, agent, person or entity under Business Associate's control.
- a) Right to Tender or Undertake Defense. If Company is named a party in any judicial, administrative or other proceeding arising out of or in connection with any non-permitted or violating use or disclosure of PHI and electronic PHI or other breach of this Agreement by Business Associate or any subcontractor, agent, person or entity under Business Associate's control, Company will have the option at any time to either: (i) tender its defense to Business Associate, in which case Business Associate will provide qualified attorneys, consultants, and other appropriate professionals to represent Company's interests at Business Associate's expense, or (ii) undertake its own defense, choosing the attorneys, consultants, and other appropriate professionals to represent its interests, in which case Business Associate will be responsible for and pay the reasonable fees and expenses of such attorneys, consultants, and other professionals.
- b) Right to Control Resolution. Company will have the sole right and discretion to settle, compromise or otherwise resolve any and all claims, causes of actions, liabilities or damages against it, notwithstanding that Company may have tendered its defense to Business Associate. Any such resolution will not relieve Business Associate of its obligation to indemnify Company under this Agreement Section E.2.
3. **Definitions**. With respect to any information created, received, maintained, or transmitted by Business Associate from or on behalf of Company or another business associate of Company ("Company Information"), the following definitions apply:
- a) The capitalized terms "Covered Entity," "Electronic Protected Health Information ("electronic PHI" or "ePHI" shall be construed to be "Electronic Protected Health Information"), "Protected Health Information" ("PHI" shall be construed to be "Protected Health Information"), "Standard," "Trading Partner Agreement," and "Transaction" have the meanings set out in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103.
- b) The term "Standard Transactions" shall have the meaning set out in 45 C.F.R. § 162.103. The term "Minimum Necessary" shall have the meaning set out in 45 C.F.R. § 164.502.
- c) The term "Required by Law" has the meaning set out in 45 C.F.R. § 164.103.
- d) The terms "Health Care Operations," "Payment," "Research," and "Treatment" have the meanings set out in 45 C.F.R. § 164.501.
- e) The term "Limited Data Set" has the meaning set out in 45 C.F.R. § 164.514(e). The term "use" means, with respect to PHI, utilization, employment, examination, analysis or application within Business Associate.
- f) The terms "disclose" and "disclosure" mean, with respect to PHI, release, transfer, providing access to or divulging to a person or entity not within Business Associate.
- g) Any other capitalized terms not identified here shall have the meaning as set forth in 45 Code of Federal Regulations ("C.F.R.") Parts 160-64 for the Administrative Simplification provisions of Title II, Subtitle F of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA"), or in the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act, as incorporated in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (the "HITECH Act").
4. **Owner of Protected Health Information**. Company is the exclusive owner of PHI and electronic PHI generated or used under the terms of the Agreement or this Agreement.
5. **Amendment to Agreement**. Upon the effective date of any final regulation or amendment to final regulations promulgated by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services with respect to PHI, electronic PHI or Standard Transactions, this Agreement will automatically amend such that the obligations they impose on Business Associate remain in compliance with these regulations.

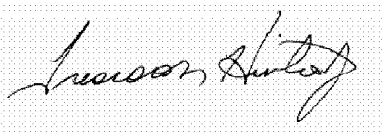
6. **Disclosure of De-identified Data.** The process of converting PHI or electronic PHI to De-identified Data (“DID”) is set forth in 45 C.F.R. § 164.514. In the event that Company provides Business Associate with DID, Business Associate shall not be given access to, nor shall Business Associate attempt to develop on its own, any keys or codes that can be used to re-identify data.
7. **Creation of De-identified Data.** In the event Business Associate wishes to convert PHI or electronic PHI to DID, it must first subject its proposed plan for accomplishing the conversion to Company for Company’s approval, which shall not be unreasonably withheld.
8. **Intent.** The parties agree that there are no intended third party beneficiaries under this Agreement.
9. **Business Associate Guidance.** Business Associate shall comply with any reasonable written policy, procedure or guidance concerning access to PHI for healthcare operations (as that term is defined in 45 C.F.R. Part 164) that is given by Companion Life Insurance Company to Business Associate.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Company and Business Associate execute this Agreement in multiple originals to be effective on the last date written below.

Print Agency/Agent Name

Companion Life Insurance Company

By: _____

By:  _____

Printed Name: _____

Printed Name: Trescott N. Hinton, Jr.

SSN: _____

Title: President

Title: _____

Date: _____

Date: _____

**Authorization Agreement for
Commission Payment through Electronic Funds Transfer
(Automatic Bank Deposit)**

By



Broker, Agent/Agency

Name: _____

Address: _____

Social Security No.: _____

or

Federal Employer Identification No.: _____

I (We) authorize Companion Life Insurance Company of South Carolina to make electronic fund transfer (EFT) payments for commissions to the following account:

Account Number: _____

Type of Account: Checking Savings
(Please check only one of the above.)

PLEASE ATTACH A VOIDED CHECK FOR THE SELECTED ACCOUNT.

Authorized Action

		From:	To:
Initial Set-up	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	_____
Change in Account Number	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	_____
Change in Banks	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	_____
Terminate EFT Effective	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	_____

This authority is to remain in force for authorization of electronic fund payment of commissions from Companion Life Insurance Company of South Carolina until written notification is received requesting that the direct deposit method of payment be terminated.

Signature _____ Date _____

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give form to the
requester. Do NOT
send to the IRS.

Please print or type	Name (if a joint account or you changed your name, see Specific Instructions on page 2.)	
	Business name, if different from above. (See Specific Instructions on page 2.)	
	Check appropriate box: <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/Sole proprietor <input type="checkbox"/> Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Other ▶	
	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and address (optional)
City, state, and ZIP code		

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, if you are a resident alien OR a sole proprietor, see the instructions on page 2. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see How To Get a TIN on page 2.

Note: If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 2 for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Social security number	OR	Employer identification number
+		+

List account number(s) here (optional)

Part II For Payees Exempt From Backup Withholding (See the instructions on page 2.)

Part III Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

- The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and
- I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding.

Certification Instructions.—You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the Certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. (See the instructions on page 2.)

Sign Here	Signature ▶	Date ▶
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Purpose of Form.—A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must get your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 to give your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- Certify the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
- Certify you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are an exempt payee.

Note: If a requester gives you a form other than a W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

What Is Backup Withholding?—Persons making certain payments to you must withhold and pay to the IRS 31% of such payments under certain conditions. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding

include interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

If you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return, payments you receive will not be subject to backup withholding. Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- You do not furnish your TIN to the requester, or
- The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN, or
- The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 3 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only), or

- You do not certify your TIN when required. See the Part III instructions on page 2 for details.

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the Part II instructions and the separate instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Penalties

Failure To Furnish TIN.—If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil Penalty for False Information With Respect to Withholding.—If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal Penalty for Falsifying Information.—Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs.—If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of Federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name.—If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your social security card. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage, without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first and then circle the name of the person or entity whose number you enter in Part I of the form.

Sole Proprietor.—You must enter your individual name as shown on your social security card. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" name on the business name line.

Other Entities.—Enter the business name as shown on required Federal tax documents. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or "doing business as" name on the business name line.

Part I—Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

You must enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How To Get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, using your EIN may result in unnecessary notices to the requester.

Note: See the chart on this page for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How To Get a TIN.—If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5 from your local Social Security Administration office. Get Form W-7 to apply for an ITIN or Form SS-4 to apply for an EIN. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, you will generally have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester. Other payments are subject to backup withholding.

Note: Writing "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN OR that you intend to apply for one soon.

Part II—For Payees Exempt From Backup Withholding

Individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends. For more information on exempt payees, see the separate instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding. Enter your correct TIN in Part I, write "Exempt" in Part II, and sign and date the form.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester a completed Form W-8, Certificate of Foreign Status.

Part III—Certification

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required).

1. Interest, Dividend, and Barter Exchange Accounts Opened Before 1984 and Broker Accounts Considered Active During 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, Dividend, Broker, and Barter Exchange Accounts Opened After 1983 and Broker Accounts Considered Inactive During 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real Estate Transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other Payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services (including attorney and accounting fees), and payments to certain fishing boat crew members.

5. Mortgage Interest Paid by You, Acquisition or Abandonment of Secured Property, Cancellation of Debt, or IRA Contributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to give your correct TIN to persons who must file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends,

and certain other income paid to you, mortgage interest you paid, the acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA. The IRS uses the numbers for identification purposes and to help verify the accuracy of your tax return. The IRS may also provide this information to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, and the District of Columbia to carry out their tax laws.

You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Payers must generally withhold 31% of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to a payer. Certain penalties may also apply.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
3. Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee
b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner
5. Sole proprietorship	The owner ³
For this type of account:	
6. Sole proprietorship	The owner ³
7. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
8. Corporate	The corporation
9. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
10. Partnership	The partnership
11. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
12. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name, but you may also enter your business or "doing business as" name. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one).

⁴ List first and circle the name of the legal trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.)

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.